

## St Mary's Catholic Primary School

Curriculum Mapping – Y2 (National Curriculum Objectives

WhiteRose Small Steps

### NCETM and DfE Ready-to-progress Criteria)

SUMMER TERM **AUTUMN TERM SPRING TERM** 

Number: Place Value		Number: Addition and Subtraction		Geometry: Shape		
• Read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals	•	Represent and use number bonds and related	•	Identify and describe the properties of 2-D	•	Re
and words (Y1)		subtraction facts within 20 (Y1)		shapes, including the number of sides, and line		pe
<ul> <li>Read and write numbers to at least 100 in</li> </ul>	•	Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to		symmetry in a vertical line.		va
numerals and in words.		20 fluently and derive and use related facts up to	•	Compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes	•	So
<ul> <li>Identify, represent and estimate numbers using</li> </ul>		100.		and everyday objects.		in
different representations, including the number	•	Add and subtract numbers using concrete	•	Identify and describe the properties of 3-D		th
line.		objects, pictorial representations, and mentally,		shapes, including the number of edges, vertices	1.	. Co
• Count in steps of 2, 3 and 5 from 0, and in 10s		including: a 2-digit number and 1s, a 2-digit		and faces.	2.	. Co
from any number, forward and backward		number and 10s, two 2-digit numbers and adding	•	Identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes.	3.	. Co
• Recognise the place value of each digit in a 2-digit		three 1-digit numbers.	•	Use precise language to describe the properties	4.	. Ch
number (tens, ones).	•	Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100;		of 2D and 3D shapes, and compare shapes by	5.	. M
• Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100;		use <, > and = signs.		reasoning about similarities and differences in	6.	. Co
use <, > and = signs.	•	Secure fluency in addition and subtraction facts		properties.	7.	. Ca
Recognise the place value of each digit in two-		within 10, through continued practice.	1.	Recognise 2-D and 3-D shapes	8.	. M
digit numbers, and compose and decompose	•	Add and subtract across 10	2.	Count sides on 2-D shapes	9.	. Fir
twodigit numbers using standard and non-	•	Recognise the subtraction structure of	3.	Count vertices on 2-D shapes	1	0. Tv
standard partitioning.		'difference' and answer questions of the form,	4.	Draw 2-D shapes		
<ul> <li>Reason about the location of any two-digit</li> </ul>		"How many more?".	5.	Lines of symmetry on shapes		
number in the linear number system, including	•	Add and subtract within 100 by applying related	6.	Use lines of symmetry to complete shapes		
identifying the previous and next multiple of 10.		one-digit addition and subtraction facts: add and	7.	Sort 2-D shapes		
1. Numbers to 20		subtract only ones or only tens to/from a two-	8.	Count faces on 3-D shapes		
2. Count objects to 100 by making 10s		digit number.	9.	Count edges on 3-D shapes		
3. Recognise tens and ones	•	Add and subtract within 100 by applying related	10	). Count vertices on 3-D shapes		
4. Use a place value chart		one-digit addition and subtraction facts: add and	11	Sort 3-D shapes		
5. Partition numbers to 100		subtract any 2 two-digit numbers.	12	. Make patterns with 2-D and 3-D shapes		
6. Write numbers to 100 in words	1.	Bonds to 10				
<ol><li>Flexibly partition numbers to 100</li></ol>	2.	Fact families – addition and subtraction bonds				
8. Write numbers to 100 in expanded form		within 20				
9. 10s on the number line to 100	3.	Relate facts				
10.10s and 1s on the number line to 100	4.	Bonds to 100 (tens)				
11.Estimate numbers on a number line	5.	Add and subtract 1s				
12.Compare objects	6.	Add by making 10				
13.Compare numbers	7.	Add three 1-digit numbers				
14.Order objects and numbers	8.	Add to the next 10				
15.Count in 2s, 5s and 10s	9.	Add across 10				
16.Count in 3s	10	. Subtract across 10				
	11	. Subtract from a 10				
	12	. Subtract a 1-digit number from 2-digit number				
		(across a 10)				
	13	. 10 more, 10 less				
	14	. Add two 2-digit numbers (not across a 10)				
	15	. Add two 2-digit numbers (across a 10)				

#### **Measurement: Money**

ecognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and ence (p); combine amounts to make a particular alue.

olve simple problems in a practical context volving addition and subtraction of money of ne same unit, including giving change.

ount money – pence

ount money – pounds (notes and coins)

ount money – pounds and pence

hoose notes and coins

lake the same amount

ompare amounts of money

alculate with money

lake a pound

nd change

wo-step problems



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		16 17 18 19 20	5. Subtract two 2-digit numbers (not across a 10) 7. Subtract two 2-digit numbers (across a 10) 8. Mixed addition and subtraction 9. Compare number sentences 9. Missing number problems				
N	lumber: Multiplication and Division		Measurement: Length and Height		Measurement: Mass, Capacity and Temperature		
<ul> <li>Calcula multipl multipl multipl signs.</li> <li>Show th done in one nu</li> <li>Recall a for the recogni</li> <li>Recogn represe and cal 10 multipl</li> <li>Relate groups with a (quotat</li> <li>Relate groups with a (quotat</li> <li>Recogn</li> <li>Recogn</li></ul>	ate mathematical statements for lication and division within the lication tables and write them using the lication (×), division (÷) and equals (=) that multiplication of two numbers can be in any order (commutative) and division of umber by another cannot. and use multiplication and division facts e 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including using odd and even numbers. hise repeated addition contexts, enting them with multiplication equations lculating the product, within the 2, 5 and ltiplication tables. grouping problems where the number of a is unknown to multiplication equations missing factor, and to division equations tive division). hise equal groups equal groups use the multiplication symbol lication sentences rays equal groups – grouping equal groups – sharing times-table by 2 ng and halving nd even numbers times-table by 10 imes-table by 5 and 10 times-table	• • 1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels. Compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and =. Solve problems with addition and subtraction using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures. Solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts. Measure in centimetres Measure in metres Compare lengths and heights Order lengths and heights Four operations with lengths and heights	• 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and height; mass/weight; capacity and volume; time. Measure and begin to record the following: lengths and heights; mass/weight; capacity and volume; time. Compare mass Measure in grams Measure in kilograms Four operations with mass Compare volume and capacity Measure in millilitres Measure in litres Four operations with volume and capacity Temperature	• 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1	Re 1, W re . Int . Eq . Fir . Re . Fir 0. Ur 1. Nc 2. Re 4. Fir 5. Cc
	Measurement: Time		Statistics		Geometry: Position and Direction		

### Number: Fractions

ecognise, find, name and write fractions  $\frac{1}{3}$ ,  $\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $\frac{3}{4}$  of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity. /rite simple fractions, for example  $\frac{1}{2}$  of 6 = 3 and ecognise the equivalence of 2/4 and  $\frac{1}{2}$ . troduction to parts and wholes qual and unequal parts ecognise a half nd a half ecognise a quarter nd a quarter ecognise a third nd a third nd the whole nit fractions on-unit fractions ecognise the equivalence of a half and twouarters ecognise three-quarters nd three-quarters ount in fractions up to a whole



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•	Tell and write the time to five minutes, including	•	Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally	•	Use mathematical vocabulary to describe
	quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on		charts, block diagrams and simple tables.		position, direction and movement, including
	a clockface to show these times.	•	Ask and answer simple questions by counting the		movement in a straight line and distinguishing
•	Know the number of minutes in an hour and the		number of objects in each category and sorting		between rotation as a turn and in terms of right
	number of hours in a day.		the categories by quantity.		angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns
1.	O'clock and half past	•	Ask and answer questions about totalling and		(clockwise and anticlockwise).
2.	Quarter past and quarter to		comparing categorical data.	1.	Language of position
3.	Tell the time past the hour	•	Recall and use multiplication and division facts	2.	Describe movement
4.	Tell the time to the hour		for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including	3.	Describe turns
5.	Tell the time to 5 minutes		recognising odd and even numbers.	4.	Describe movement and turns
6.	Minutes in an hour	1.	Make tally charts	5.	Shape patterns with turns
7.	Hours in a day	2.	Tables		
		3.	Block diagrams		
		4.	Draw pictograms (1-1)		
		5.	Interpret pictograms (1-1)		
		6.	Draw pictograms (2, 5 and 10)		
		7.	Interpret pictograms (2, 5 and 10)		